

South America

Key Questions

- ❖ Where is South America?
- ❖ What countries are in South America?
- ❖ What is the climate like in South American countries and how does this compare to the UK?
- ❖ What major mountain ranges are in South America? What are the mountains used for?
- ❖ What is human geography? What is the human geography like in South America?
- ❖ What is trade like in South America? How does this affect their diet?

Key Places

- ❖ Cadbury's World, Birmingham
- ❖ The Pitt Rivers Museum, Oxford
 - ❖ Working in and with Latin America exhibition, in the V and A Museum, London
- ❖ The American Museum and Gardens, Bristol

Key Vocabulary

- ❖ Continent
- ❖ Country
- ❖ Climate
- ❖ Mountains
- ❖ Physical geography
- ❖ Human Geography
 - ❖ Population
 - ❖ The Andes
 - ❖ Capitals
 - ❖ Trade
 - ❖ Coffee
 - ❖ Culture
 - ❖ Cocoa
 - ❖ Farming
 - ❖ Mining
- ❖ Tectonic Plates
- ❖ Language
- ❖ Life expectancy
 - ❖ Diet
 - ❖ Health



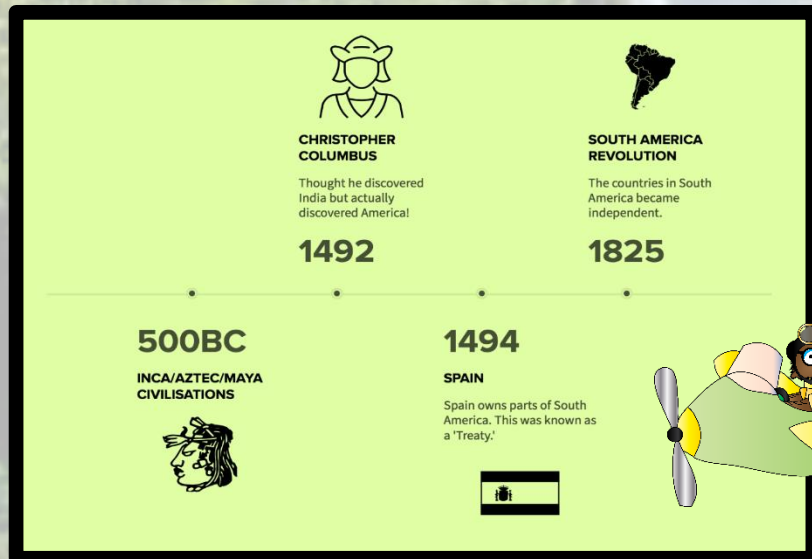
Useful Links

- ❖ <https://www.kids-world-travel-guide.com/south-america-facts.html>
- ❖ <https://www.ducksters.com/geography/south-america.php>
- ❖ <https://www.oddizzi.com/teachers/explore-the-world/places/south-america/>
 - ❖ <http://www.fun-facts.org.uk/america/south-america.htm>

Culture and Society

South America has a very diverse culture because lots of people from different countries arrived to settle there. There are lots of languages spoken (but most speak Spanish or Portuguese).

Mexican art often features skulls and brightly coloured flowers. These are also used in parades of art.



Key Information

Continent	Earth is made of seven pieces of land called continents . The seven continents are: Europe, Asia, Australia, Africa, Antarctica, North American and South America. South America is the fourth largest continent; it covers about 12% of Earth's land mass.
Country	A section of land that has its own government and owns its own territory.
Climate	The most common weather conditions in an area over a length of time.
Plate Tectonics	Sections of land that float on liquid beneath the Earth . These can crash into each other and cause the land to change. This is how mountains are used.
Population	A number of people that live on a section of land . Often, we use the population of a country to compare it to other countries. <i>Extension:</i> Population density - this refers to the number of people compared to how big the land is. E.g. If you have a higher number of people in a smaller area, they will live closer together.
Human Geography	How humans affect the Earth . When we change things on earth (e.g. building bridges, houses and towns) we change how the Earth works. Human geography can be controlled by humans.
Physical Geography	These are parts of the Earth that humans cannot control . We can learn about earthquakes, volcanoes and mountains but we cannot change if an event will happen. <i>Extension:</i> We can use natural events to make our lives easier (e.g. we can use heat from the sun to make renewable energy)